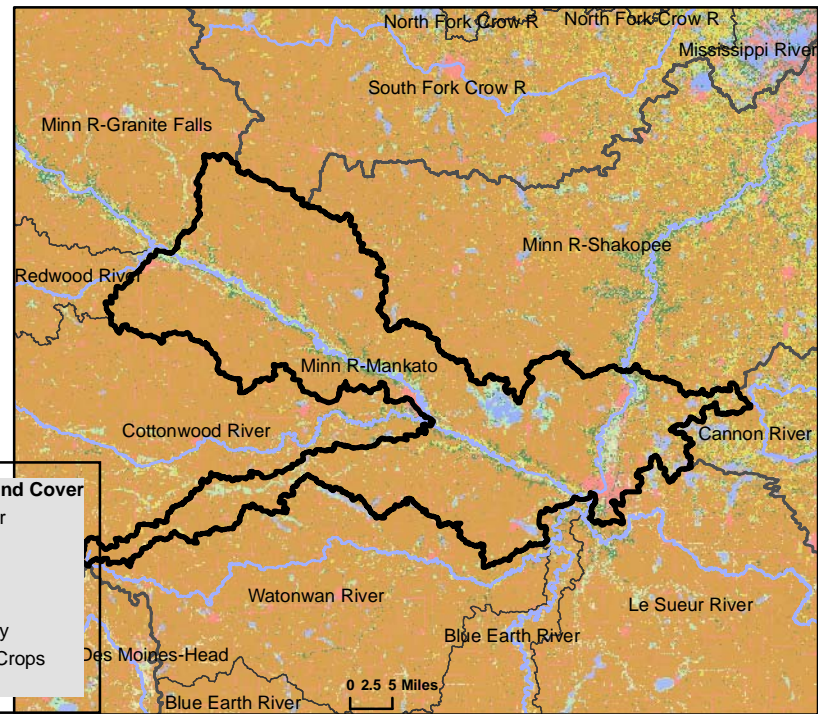


# Minn R-Mankato

## WATERSHED HEALTH ASSESSMENT SCORES






**Mean (average) Health Score** 45  
**Minimum Health Index Score** 5  
**Minimum Health Index:** Biology - Habitat Quality

Watershed Assessment Tool  
[http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/watershed\\_tool](http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/watershed_tool)



Watershed Health Scores compare and rank various aspects of ecological health across Minnesota. Index values are based on a variety of data sources, calculations and scientific approaches. Each index is scored on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 being the least desirable result or condition to 100 being the best existing condition or most desirable result. Major watershed scale rankings may mask the range of conditions that occur at more local scales. A high score may indicate the least impacted condition in Minnesota, not necessarily a healthy condition.

## COMPONENT SCORES

 <b>HYDROLOGY</b>	 <b>GEOMORPHOLOGY</b>	 <b>BIOLOGY</b>	 <b>CONNECTIVITY</b>	 <b>WATER QUALITY</b>
Mean (Ave.) 56 Minimum Index 14	Mean (Ave.) 66 Minimum Index 58	Mean (Ave.) 31 Minimum Index 5	Mean (Ave.) 24 Minimum Index 7	Mean (Ave.) 47 Minimum Index 26
<b>INDEX SCORES</b>	<b>INDEX SCORES</b>	<b>INDEX SCORES</b>	<b>INDEX SCORES</b>	<b>INDEX SCORES</b>
Perennial Cover 14 Impervious Cover 87 * Withdrawal 95 * Storage 19 Flow Variability 66	Soil Erosion Susceptibility 76 Groundwater Susceptibility 58 Climate Vulnerability 64	Terrestrial Habitat Quality 5 Stream Species 49 Species Richness 49 At-Risk Species Richness 19	Terrestrial Habitat Connectivity 7 Aquatic Connectivity 21 Riparian Connectivity 45	Non-Point Source 29 Point Source 86 * Assessments 26
<b>Metric Sub-Scores</b> Storage:			<b>Metric Sub-Scores</b> Aquatic Connectivity:	<b>Metric Sub-Scores</b> Non-Point Source:
Stream/Ditch Ratio 17 Surface storage 21			Bridges/Culverts 8 Dams 35	Nutrient Application 29 Riparian Impervious 29

\*These index values are influenced by very low scores associated with dense urban use of resources. This gives comparatively high scores for outstate Minnesota. Viewing input data is necessary to evaluate possible watershed scale concerns.